

Fill-In Permitting Packet for Small-Scale PV Systems:

Standard String Inverter System

This packet may be used for simple residential PV system installations. For projects that are more complex, please refer to the Solar Photovoltaic Plan Submittal Checklist.

Required Information for Permit:

- 1. **Site plan** showing location of major components on the property. This drawing need not be exactly to scale, but it should represent relative location of components at site (see example site plan on next page). PV arrays on dwellings with a 3' perimeter space at ridge and sides may not need separate fire service review.
- 2. **Electrical diagram** showing PV array configuration, wiring system, overcurrent protection, inverter, disconnects, required signs, and AC connection to building (see supplied standard electrical diagram).
- 3. **Specification sheets and installation manuals** for all manufactured components including, but not limited to, PV modules, inverter(s), combiner box, disconnects, and mounting system.

Step 1: Structural Review of PV Array Mounting System
is the array to be mounted on a defined, permitted roof structure? \square Yes \square No fine to non-compliant roof or a ground mount, submit completed worksheet for the structure WKS1.
Roof Information:
1. Is the roofing type lightweight (Yes = composition, lightweight masonry, metal, etc)
f No, submit completed worksheet for roof structure WKS1 (No = heavy masonry, slate, etc).
2. Does the roof have a single roof covering? \square Yes \square No <i>submit completed worksheet for roof structure WKS1.</i>
3. Provide method and type of weatherproofing roof penetrations (e.g. flashing, caulk)
Mounting System Information:
1. Is the mounting structure an engineered product designed to mount PV modules with no more than an 18" gap beneath the module frames? \square Yes \square No
f No, provide details of structural attachment certified by a design professional.
2. For manufactured mounting systems, fill out information on the mounting system below:
a. Mounting System ManufacturerProduct Name and Model#
b. Total Weight of PV Modules and Railslbs
c. Total Number of Attachment Points
d. Weight per Attachment Point (b \div c)lbs (if greater than 45 lbs, see WKS1)
e. Maximum Spacing Between Attachment Points on a Railinches (see product manual for maximum spacing allowed based on maximum design wind speed)
f. Total Surface Area of PV Modules (square feet) ft ²
g. Distributed Weight of PV Module on Roof (b \div f) lbs/ft ²
If distributed weight of the PV system is greater than 5 lbs/ft ² , see WKS1.

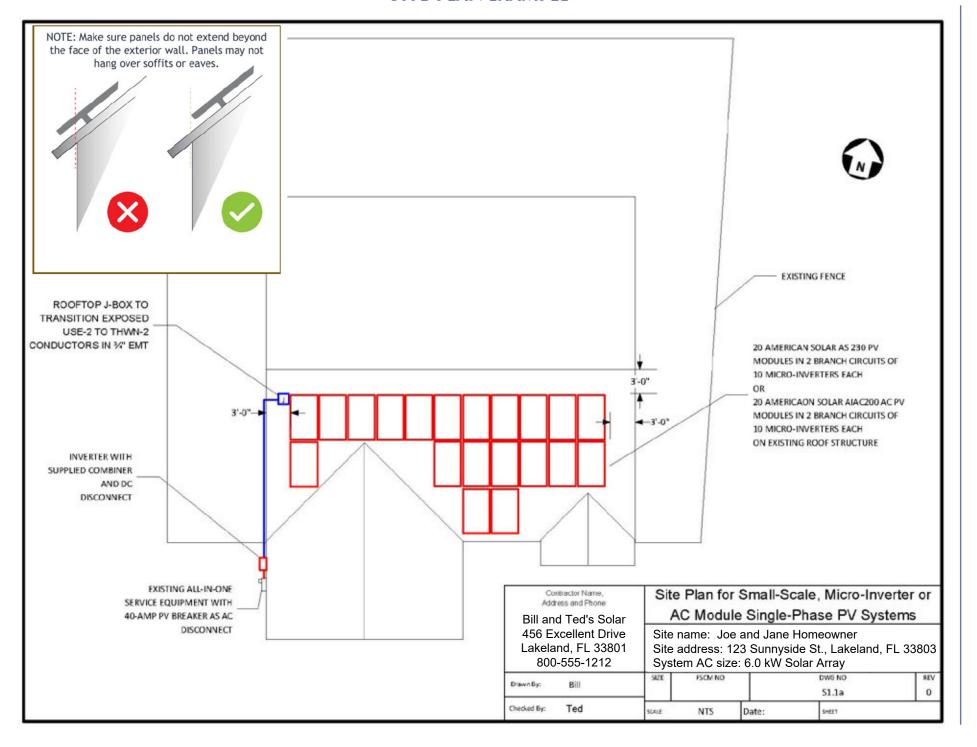
Step 2: Electrical Review of PV System (Calculations for Electrical Diagram)

In order to use the standardized permitting packet, the following must apply:

- 1. PV modules, utility-interactive inverters, and combiner boxes are identified for use in PV systems.
- 2. The PV array is composed of 4 series strings or less per inverter.
- 3. The total inverter capacity has a continuous AC power output 13,440 Watts or less
- 4. The AC interconnection point is on the load side of service disconnecting means (690.64(B)).
- 5. One of the standard electrical diagrams (E1.1, E1.1a, E1.1b, or E1.1c) can be used to accurately represent the PV system. Interactive PDF diagrams are available at www.solarabcs.org/permitting.

Fill out the standard electrical diagram completely. A guide to the electrical diagram is provided to help the applicant understand each blank to fill in. If the electrical system is more complex than the standard electrical diagram can effectively communicate, provide an alternative diagram with appropriate detail.

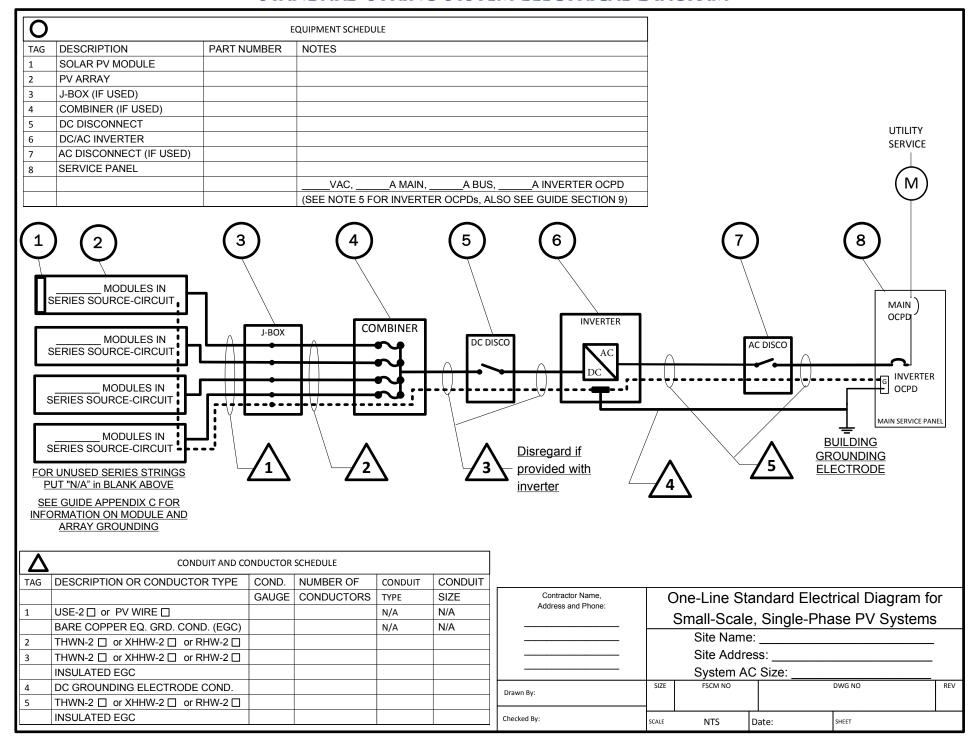
SITE PLAN EXAMPLE



STANDARD STRING SYSTEM SITE PLAN

Contractor Name, Address and Phone:	Site Plan for Small-Scale, Single-Phase PV Systems Site Name: Site Address: System AC Size:
Drawn By: Checked By:	SIZE FSCM NO DWG NO REV SCALE NTS Date: SHEET

STANDARD STRING SYSTEM ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM



NOTES FOR STANDARD STRING SYSTEM ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM

PV MODULE RATINGS @ STC (Guide Section 5)

MODULE MAKE		
MODULE MODEL		
MAX POWER-POIN	IT CURRENT (I _{MP})	А
MAX POWER-POIN	V	
OPEN-CIRCUIT VO	V	
SHORT-CIRCUIT C	А	
MAX SERIES FUSE	А	
MAXIMUM POWER	w	
MAX VOLTAGE (T)	V	
VOC TEMP COEFF		
IF COEFF SUPPLIE		

NOTES FOR ALL DRAWINGS:

OCPD = OVERCURRENT PROTECTION DEVICE

NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE® REFERENCES
SHOWN AS (NEC XXX.XX)

INVERTER RATINGS (Guide Section 4)

INVERTER MAKE		
INVERTER MODEL		
MAX DC VOLT RATII	V	
MAX POWER @ 40°0	W	
NOMINAL AC VOLTA	V	
MAX AC CURRENT		А
MAX OCPD RATING	А	

SIGNS-SEE GUIDE SECTION 7

SIGN FOR DC DISCON	NECT 690.53				
PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SOURCE					
MAX SYSTEM VOLTAGE	V				
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT	А				
MAX RATED OUTPUT OF CH					
CONTROLLER OR DC-TO-DC CONVERTER (IF INSTALLED)	1				
WARNING: ELECTRIC HAZARD-LINE AND LO ENERGIZED IN OPEN	DAD MAY BE				
SIGN FOR INVERTER O					
SOLAR PV SYS					
AC OUTPUT CURRENT	А				
NOMINAL AC VOLTAGE	V				
THIS PANEL FED BY SOURCES (UTILITY A					
-	-				

NOTES FOR ARRAY CIRCUIT WIRING (Guide Section 6 and 8 and Appendix D):

- 1.) LOWEST EXPECT AMBIENT TEMPERATURE BASED ON ASHRAE MINIMUM MEAN EXTREME DRY BULB TEMPERATURE FOR ASHRAE LOCATION MOST SIMILAR TO INSTALLATION LOCATION. LOWEST EXPECTED AMBIENT TEMP °C
- 2.) HIGHEST CONTINUOUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE BASED ON ASHRAE HIGHEST MONTH 2% DRY BULB TEMPERATURE FOR ASHRAE LOCATION MOST SIMILAR TO INSTALLATION LOCATION. HIGHEST CONTINUOUS TEMPERATURE ______°C
- 2.) 2005 ASHRAE FUNDEMENTALS 2% DESIGN TEMPERATURES DO NOT EXCEED $47^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ IN THE UNITED STATES (PALM SPRINGS, CA IS 44.1°C). FOR LESS THAN 9 CURRENT-CARRYING CONDUCTORS IN ROOF-MOUNTED SUNLIT CONDUIT AT LEAST 0.5" ABOVE ROOF AND USING THE OUTDOOR DESIGN TEMPERATURE OF $47^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ OR LESS (ALL OF UNITED STATES),
- a) 12 AWG, 90°C CONDUCTORS ARE GENERALLY ACCEPTABLE FOR MODULES WITH Isc OF 7.68 AMPS OR LESS WHEN PROTECTED BY A 12-AMP OR SMALLER FUSE
- b) 10 AWG, 90°C CONDUCTORS ARE GENERALLY ACCEPTABLE FOR MODULES WITH Isc OF 9.6 AMPS OR LESS WHEN PROTECTED BY A 15-AMP OR SMALLER FUSE.

NOTES FOR INVERTER CIRCUITS (Guide Section 8 and 9):

- 1) IF UTILITY REQUIRES A VISIBLE-BREAK SWITCH, DOES THIS SWITCH MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES $\hfill \square$ N/A $\hfill \square$
- 3) SIZE PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SOURCE (DC) CONDUCTORS BASED ON MAX CURRENT ON NEC 690.53 SIGN OR OCPD RATING AT DISCONNECT
- 4) SIZE INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUIT (AC) CONDUCTORS ACCORDING TO INVERTER OCPD AMPERE RATING. (See Guide Section 9)
- 5) TOTAL OF _____ INVERTER OCPD(s), ONE FOR EACH INVERTER. DOES TOTAL SUPPLY BREAKERS COMPLY WITH 120% BUSBAR EXCEPTION IN 705.12(B)(2)(3)(b)? YES □ NO □

Contractor Name, Address and Phone:	Notes for One-Line Standard Electrical				
	Diagram for Single-Phase PV Systems				
	Site Name:				
	Site Address:				
	System AC Size:				
Drawn By:	SIZE	FSCM NO		DWG NO	REV
Checked By:	SCALE	NTS	Date:	SHEET	



STRUCTURAL WORKSHEET

(WKS1)

If array is roof mounted

This section is for evaluating roof structural members that are site-built. This includes rafter systems and site-built trusses. Manufactured truss and roof joist systems, when installed with proper spacing, meet the roof structure requirements covered in item 2 below.

1. Ro	of construction:	Rafters	Trusses	Other:			
2. De	escribe site-built raft	er or or site-b	uilt truss sy	stem.			
	a. Rafter Size:	_x inches					
	b. Rafter Spacing:	inc	hes				
	c. Maximum unsı	upported span	i: feet	z, inch	es		
	d. Are the rafters of	over-spanned p	oer IRC span	tables?	Yes	No	

Do any of the following conditions apply?

- The roof system has over-spanned rafters or trusses. Yes No
- The combined weight of the solar PV array exceeds 5 lbs/ft² on any roof construction. Yes No
- The attachments have a dead load exceeding 45 lbs per attachment.

 Yes No

If you answered "yes" to any of the above, you must provide a **sealed letter from an architect or engineer** stating that trusses have been inspected and can support the new load.

If array is ground mounted:

- 1. Show array supports, framing members, and foundation posts and footings.
- 2. Provide information on mounting structure(s) construction. If the mounting structure is unfamiliar to the local jurisdiction and is more than six (6) feet above grade, it may require engineering calculations certified by a design professional.
- 3. Show detail on module attachment method to mounting structure.